

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 25 STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE STR



REP G1-(1-2) CY NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 6

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE 16

35 SEA FILE-REGISTRY SSS FUL L3 AND L4 18 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L6

=> d 17 1-18 ibib ed abs hitstr hitind

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:845167 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

electroluminescent compounds comprising fluorene group and organic electroluminescent device using the same

Choi, Il Won; Kim, Chi Sik; Shin, Hyo Nim; Lee, Mi Ae; Shin, Hwan Seung; Kwak, Mi Young; Kim, Nam INVENTOR(S): Kyun; Kim, Bong Ok; Kim, Sung Min

Gracel Display Inc., S. Korea; Kwon, Hyuck Joo; PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Cho, Young Jun; Baek, Jung Su PCT Int. Appl., 49pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.				KIN	D	DATE						NO. DATE			
	2007				A1		2007	0802								0070126
	W:	AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,
		CH,	CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,
		GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GT,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,
		KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	ΚZ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,
		MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MY,	MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,
		PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RS,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SV,	SY,
		TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,
		IE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,
		BF,	BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,
		TG,	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,
		ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	MT					
KR	2007	0786	98		A		2007	0801		KR 2	007-	6082			2	0070119
PRIORIT	Y APPI	LN.	INFO	. :						KR 2	006-	8840			A 2	0060127
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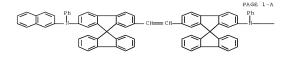
ED Entered STN: 03 Aug 2007

GT

- AB The present invention relates to organic electroluminescent compds. represented by formula I, where Arl is a bond or fluorene derivative, Ar2 is fluorene or fluorene derivative, A and B are a bond, aryl group, Ar3-6 can be the same as Ar1-2, A and B, or halogen. The electroluminescent device is comprised of the compds. in an electroluminescent layer. The electroluminescent compound according to the invention has good luminous efficiency and excellent lifetime of the material, so that an OLED device having very good operation lifetime can be prepared.
- IT 944940-87-80 944040-96-90 344941-04-2P 944941-17-70 944941-30-40 944941-31-50
- (organic electroluminescent compds. comprising fluorene group)
 RN 944940-87-8 HCAPLUS
- CN 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-amine, 7,7''-(1,2-ethenediyl)bis[N,N-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 944940-96-9 HCAPLUS
- CN 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-amine, 7,7''-(1,2-ethenediyl)bis[N-2-naphthalenyl-N-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

10/540,461

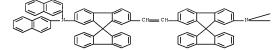


PAGE 1-B



- RN 944941-04-2 HCAPLUS
- CN 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-amine, 7,7''-(1,2-ethenediyl)bis[N,N-di-2-naphthalenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

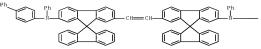


PAGE 1-B



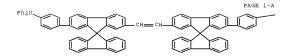
- RN 944941-17-7 HCAPLUS
- CN 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-amine, 7,7''-(1,2-ethenediyl)bis[N-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl-N-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

944941-30-4 HCAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-(1,2-ethenediyldi-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-7,2-CN diyl)bis(N,N-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

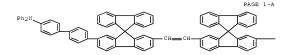


PAGE 1-B

-NPh2

944941-31-5 HCAPLUS RN

[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-amine, 4'-[7-[2-[7-[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]-9,9'-CN spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-y1]etheny1]-9,9 -spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-y1]-N,N-dipheny1- (CA INDEX NAME)



PAGE 1-B

- 944941-32-6 HCAPLUS
 9,9'-Spirobi(9H-fluoren)-2-amine, 7-[2-[7-[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]-9,9'-spirobi(9H-fluoren)-2-yl]ethenyl]-N,N-diphenyl-(CA INDEX NAME) CN

```
74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
    Reprographic Processes)
    Section cross-reference(s): 25, 73
    944940-86-7P 944940-87-88 944940-92-5P 944940-94-7P
    94494(-96-90 944940-98-1P 944941-00-8P 944941-02-0P
                  944941-06-4P 944941-13-3P
                                              944941-15-5P
                  944941-19-9P
                                944941-21-3P
                                               944941-25-7P
    944941-26-8P 044941-30-4P 944041-31-5P
    944941-32-60 944941-36-0P 944941-37-1P 944941-38-2P
       (organic electroluminescent compds. comprising fluorene group)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                             THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                             THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
                             RE FORMAT
L7 ANSWER 2 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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2007:671832 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: Triarylamine-arylvinylene moiety-containing

conjugated polymers, their production and use in electronic components such as organic LEDs

Buesing, Arne; Ludemann, Aurelie; Scheurich, Rene INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany PCT Int. Appl., 55pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

WO	2007068325				A1		20070621			WO 2006-EP11085					20061118		
	W:	AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	
		CH,	CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	
		GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GI,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	
		KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	
		MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MY,	MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	
		PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RS,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SV,	
		SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR.	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ZA,	ZM,	Z
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	
		IE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	
		BF,	BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	
		TG,	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	
		ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	MT						
DE	1020	0506	0473		A1		2007	0628		DE 2	005-	1020	0506	0473	2	0051	21
RIT	APP	LN.	INFO	. :						DE 21	005-	1020	0506	04737	. 2	00512	21

The invention relates to conjugated polymers and dendrimers containing styryl-triarylamine structural moieties of the general formula I, to their use in electronic components, especially in polymer organic LEDs, to monomers for producing the same, and to components and LEDs containing the polymers and dendrimers. In the general formula, each numbered Ar group is chosen independently from Ar groups having different nos, as a monocyclic or polycyclic aryl or heteroaryl, which is optionally substituted once or more by R1 (in Ar1 only), R2 (in Ar2 only), R3 (in Ar3 only), or R4 (in Ar4 only). In the general formula, every instance of Y is independently chosen to represent H, F, C1, or a C1-C40 carbon or hydrocarbon group, whereby either two Y groups or a Y group and a neighboring R1, R4, Ar1, or Ar4 group may form as combined an aliphatic or aromatic, monocyclic or polycyclic ring system. In the general formula, R1, R2, R3, and R4 are independently chosen as H, F, Cl, OH, CN, N(R)2, Si(R)3, B(R)2, or as a C1-C40 carbon or hydrocarbon group, such that two or more of groups R1-4 can be combined to form an aliphatic or an aromatic, monocyclic or polycyclic ring system; and R1, R2, and R3 can also represent a covalent bond in the polymer or dendrimer. In the general formula, all occurrences of R independently represent H or a C1-C22 straight-chain, branched or cyclic alkyl, in which one or more neighboring CH2-groups are optionally substituted by C(R0)-C(R0), C-C, -N(R0), -Si(R0)2, O, S, CO, COO, OCO, OCOO, SCO, COS such that no two O or S atoms are directly bonded to each other. In the general formula, every instance of RO independently represents H or a C1-C2O aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon. In the general formula, a is 1, 2, or 3; b is 1, 2, or 3; and c is 0 or 1.

(triarylamine-arylvinylene moiety-containing conjugated polymers, their

production and use) RN 942216-49-1 HCAPLUS

[1,1'-Bjbenyl]-4, 4'-diamine, N4,N4'-bis(4-bromophenyl)-N4,N4'-bis[4-(1,1'-dimethylethyl)-phenyl]-, polymer with 4-bromo-N-[4-12-(4-bromophenyl) ethenyl) phenyl]-N-[4-(1,1'-dimethylethyl) phenyl) benzenamine, 2,7'-dibromo-2',3',6',7'-tetrakis(2-methylbutoxy)-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene] and 2,2'-[2',3',6',7'-tetrakis(2-methylbutoxy)-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,7-diyl]bis[1,3,2-dioxaborolane] (CA INDEX MAMO)

CM

CRN 942216-48-0 CMF C30 H27 Br2 N

CM

CRN 463944-36-7 CMF C44 H42 Br2 N2

CM 3

CRN 396123-43-6

CMF C49 H62 B2 O8

...

CRN 395059-23-1 CMF C45 H54 Br2 O4

CC 76-3 (Electric Phenomena)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 52, 73, 74

IT 942216-49-1P

(triarylamine-arylvinylene moiety-containing conjugated polymers, their production and use)

production and use)
REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:460678 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:472315
TITLE: Method for manufacture of organic

electroluminescent element and organic electroluminescent element and display, and

illuminating device

INVENTOR(S): Taka, Hideo; Tanaka, Tatsuo; Suzurizato, Yoshiyuki; Kita, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Minolta Holdings, Inc., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkvo Koho. 107pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2007110097 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	A	20070426	JP 2006-246467 JP 2005-266661 A	20060912 20050914

ED Entered STN: 27 Apr 2007

AB The title element comprises organic layers between the cathode and the anode, wherein 21 of the organic layers contains purifiable medium-monl. compound or low-mol. polymers and theyer has a d. of 1.10-1.25 g/cm3. The element can be manufactured by coating method. The element shows long service life and can be driven at low voltages.

(hole transport material; manufacture of organic electroluminescence

elements and displays and illuminating devices) RN 934972-69-7 HCAPLUS 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-diamine, N2,N2'-bis[3'-(diphenylamino)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]-N2,N2'-bis(3'-ethenyl[1,1'biphenvl]-4-vl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 73

^34972-6^-7 934972-70-0 934972-71-1 934972-72-2

(hole transport material; manufacture of organic electroluminescence elements and displays and illuminating devices)

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:610306 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Synthesis and Properties of a Novel Electrochromic Polymer Obtained from the Electropolymerization of a 9,9'-Spirobifluorene-Bridged Donor-Acceptor

(D-A) Bichromophore System

Otero, Luis; Sereno, Leonides; Fungo, Fernando; Liao, Yuan-Li; Lin, Chi-Yen; Wong, Ken-Tsung AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Departamento de Quimica, Universidad Nacional de Rio Cuarto, Rio Cuarto, 5800, Argent.

SOURCE: Chemistry of Materials (2006), 18(15), 3495-3502

CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756

PUBLISHED . American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Entered STN: 25 Jun 2006

AB

The synthesis and photophys., electrochem., and spectroelectrochem. characterization of a novel donor-acceptor (D-A) bichromophore system composed of two D-A segments linking through a spiro center are reported. The electron-donating (D) moieties are triphenylamine (TPA) groups, whereas the electron-withdrawing (A) moieties are cyano groups. The particular "spiro" configuration that perpendicularly bonds the D-A chromophores by a tetrahedral carbon, impedes orbital interactions

between the branches. Thus, the two TPA substituents act independently, rendering an efficient electropolymn, process Feasible. The polymer film obtained showed reversible electrochem. oxidation accompanied by strong color changes with high coloration efficiency and contrast ratio, which can be switched by potential modulation. The remarkable electrochemic behavior of the film is clearly interpreted on the basis of spectroelectrochem, studies. A plausible polymerization mechanism involved with the TPA dimerization reaction is proposed for the electropolymn, process.

(comparison compound; photophys.- and electrochem. of

spirobifluorene-bridged donor-acceptor bichromophore and electrochromism of polymer film deposited by electropolymn. of this bichromophore)

RN 864957-79-9 HCAPLUS

NN Propanedinitrile, 2,2'-[[7,7'-bis(diphenylamino)-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-diyl]dimethylidyne]bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

TT 206067-00-5-

(reaction with CuCN)

RN 906067-60-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-[(7,7'-dibromo-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-diyl)di-2,1-ethenediyl]bis[N,N-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

TT 9/6/67-/3.60

(synthesis and photophys.- and electrochem. of spirobifilocenebridged donor-acceptor bichromophore and electrochromism of polymer film deposited by electropolymn. of this bichromophore)

RN 906067-53-6 HCAPLUS

N 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-dicarbonitrile, 7,7'-bis[2-[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 74-1 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 73

TT 96 4951-79-9

(comparison compound; photophys.- and electrochem. of spirobifluorene-bridged donor-acceptor bichromophore and

10/540,461

electrochromism of polymer film deposited by electropolymn. of this bichromophore)

IT 206967-CO-5

(reaction with CuCN)

IT #06007-53-CP

(synthesis and photophys. - and electrochem. of spirobifluorenebridged donor-acceptor bichromophore and electrochromism of polymer

film deposited by electropolymn. of this bichromophore)
REFERENCE COUNT: 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

REFERENCE COUNT: 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:208377 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:458112
TITLE: High-Efficiency Polymer Light-Emitting Diodes

AUTHOR(S): Using Neutral Surfacement Modified Aluminum Cathode Min, Yu-Hus, Jon, Alax, K.-Y.; Shu, Liningfong CORPORATE SOURCE: Users of Materials Science and Engineering, University of Mashington, Seattle, WA, 98195, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Physical Chemistry B (2006), 110(12), 6010-6014

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English
ED Entered STN: 09 Mar 2006

ΔB

RN

Entered STR: 109 What 2000 [Inst-emitting diodes were fabricated by inserting a layer of nonionic Right-emitting diodes were fabricated by inserting a layer of nonionic Right-emitting diodes wis spin coating. Both the poly(ethylene glycol)— and poly(propylene glycol)—based surfactants as well as their copolymers can all demonstrate similar performance enhancement. Device performances comparable to or even better than those of the control devices using Ca as the cathode were achieved for both poly(p-phenylene)—based and polyfluoren-based conjugated polymers with orange-red, green, and blue emission colors. It is possible that when both surfactant and Al are used as the cathode, the shundant hole injection through a hole-transporting layer and hole pile—pat the inner side of the El/wurfactant interface might cause an effective elec. field to induce the realignment of the dipole moment of those polar surfactant mola, thus lowering the barrier for type doping in the areas near surfactant in the El polymer layer that causes the enhancement of electron injection.

(in high-efficiency polymer LEDs using neutral surfactant-modified aluminum cathode) 877680-28-9 HCAPUUS

N Benzenamine, 4,4'=[(2',7'-dibromo-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,7-dipt]oi-2,1-ethenedyl[bis (N, N-diptenyl-), polymer with 2,7-dibromo-9,9-diotyl-9H-fluorene and 2,2'-(9,9-diotyl-9H-fluorene 2,7-dubyl)bis [4,4,5'-betramethyl-1,3,2-dioxborolane] (9GI) (CA INDEX

CM 1 CRN 877680-27-8 CMF C65 H44 Br2 N2

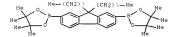
NAME)

CM

CRN 198964-46-4 CMF C29 H40 Br2

CM 3

CRN 196207-58-6 CMF C41 H64 B2 04



CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 36, 38, 66, 76 IT 112-92-5, 1-Octadecanol 593-45-3, Octadecane

IT 112-92-5, 1-Octadecanol 593-45-3, Octadecane 9004-95-9, Poly(ethylene glycol) hexadecyl ether 24938-91-8 50926-11-9, ITO 138184-36-8, MEH-PPV 877860-25-9 885601-23-0

(in high-efficiency polymer LEDs using neutral surfactant-modified aluminum cathode)

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:693061 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:274787
TITLE: Color tuning of a light-emitting polymer:

polyfluorene-containing pendant amino-substituted distyrylarylene units

AUTHOR(S): Su, Huei-Jen; Wu, Fang-Iy; Tseng, Ya-Hsien; Shu,

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Appl. Chem., Natl. Chiao Tung Univ., Hsinchu, 300, Taiwan

SOURCE: Advanced Functional Materials (2005), 15(7),

1209-1216

CODEN: AFMDC6; ISSN: 1616-301X PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGAA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 04 Aug 2005

AB We have synthesized a novel polyfluorene copolymer, polyfluorene-bis[4-

(diphenylamino)styryl]fluorene (PF-DPAS) by orthogonally attaching an amino-substituted distyrylarylene dye, bis[4-(diphenylamino)styryl]fluorene, onto the C9 position of a fluorene unit. We have investigated this polymer's thermal properties, electronic properties (viz., absorption and photoluminescence), and electrochem, behavior. Photoluminescence studies indicate that color tuning can be achieved through efficient Foerster energy transfer from the higherenergy polyfluorene backbone to the lower-energy pendent DPAS units. We have fabricated lightemitting diodes with the structure indium tin oxide (ITO)/poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene) (PEDOT)/ emitting layer/1,3,5-tris(N-phenylbenzimidazol-2-yl)benzene (TPBI)/Mg:Ag. The devices, based on blends of PF-DPAS in. polyfluorene-triphenylamine- oxadiazole (PF-TPA-OXD), exhibit significant improvements in device performance relative to that of the pure PF-TPA-OXD device; we attributed this improvement to both a red-shift of the electroluminescence (EL) spectra and an enhancement in quantum efficiency. At a blend ratio of 1:20, the EL spectrum is voltageindependent and stable, and exhibits the characteristic emission of a DPAS moiety: a peak at 461 nm and Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage (CIE) coordinates of (0.15, 0.18). The maximum external quantum efficiency is 2.08 % (2.87 cd A-1) at a bias of 9 V (86.1 mA cm-2) with a brightness of 2467 cd m-2; the maximum brightness (6916 cd m-2) occurred at an applied voltage of 13 V and a c.d. of 361 mA cm-2.

10/540,461

TT 8.27880-28-98

(color tuning of light-emitting polyfluorene containing pendent amino-substituted distyrylarylene units)

RN 877680-28-9 HCAPLUS

Benzemanine, 4,4"-[(2',7'-dibromo-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,7-diyl]di-2,1-ethenediyl[bis[N,N-diphenyl-, polymer with 2,7-dibromo-9,9-diotyl]-9H-fluorene and 2,2"-(9,9-diotyl-9H-fluorene-2,7-diyl]bis[4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 877680-27-8 CMF C65 H44 Br2 N2

CM 2

CRN 198964-46-4 CMF C29 H40 Br2

CM 3

CRN 196207-58-6 CMF C41 H64 B2 O4

TT RVINGSLOS-AD

(monomer; color tuning of light-emitting polyfluorene containing pendent amino-substituted distyrylarylene units)

RN 877680-27-8 HCAPLUS

Benzenamine, 4,4'-[(2',7'-dibromo-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,7-diyl)di-2,1-ethenediyl]bis[N,N-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 36-5 (Physical Properties of Synthetic High Polymers)

II 877686-28-9

(color tuning of light-emitting polyfluorene containing pendent

amino-substituted distyrylarylene units)

(monomer; color tuning of light-emitting polyfluorene containing

pendent amino-substituted distyrylarylene units)

REFERENCE COUNT: 64 THERE ARE 64 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT.

17 ANSWER 7 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:655378 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:306020

TITLE: Improved Synthesis of 2,2'-Dibromo-9,9'-

spirobifluorene and Its 2,2'-Bisdonor-7,7'bisacceptor-Substituted Fluorescent Derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Chiang, Chih-Long, Shu, Ching-Fong, Chen, Chin-Ti
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Applied Chemistry, National Chiao
Tung University, Hain-Chu, 20035, Taiwan

SOURCE: Organic Letters (2005), 7(17), 3717-3720

CODEN: ORLEF7: ISSN: 1523-7060
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: American Chemical Society

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:306020

ED Entered STN: 28 Jul 2005 AB Pure 2,2'-dibromo-9,9'-

Fure 2,2'-dibrono-9,9'-spirobifluorene (I) was synthesized by a method that did not involve troublesome dibronination of 9,9'-spirobifluorene or Sandmayer reaction of 2,2'-diamino-9,9'-spirobifluorene. Starting from 4-MedSiCGH48(GH)2, I was prepared by Suzuki cross-coupling with 1,2-CGH48P2, subsequent lithiation and condensation with (MeO)2CO, further bromodesilation, and finally spirocyclization by classical Clark and Gomberg method. A series of donor-acceptor orthogonally substituted 9,9'-spirobifluorene was subsequently prepared showing rich variation of fluorescence in solution and in solid state. Compound I was studied by x-ray structural anal. [monoclinic, space group P2(1)/c, a 14.5655(5), b 16.5819(5), c 7.9981(2) Å, β 93.4850(10)*, V 1288.16(10) Å, Z 4).

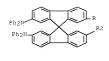
IT 724789-65-5P 664957-77-7P 864957-78-8P

824957-72-98

(preparation of bromospirobifluorene and bisdonor bisacceptor fluorescent derivs.)

RN 724789-65-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-diamine, 7,7'-bis(2,2-diphenylethenyl)-N,N,N',N'-tetraphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 864957-77-7 HCAPLUS CN 9.9'-Spirobi/9H-fluo:

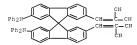
9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-diamine, 7,7'-bis[2,2-bis(2-benzothiazolyl)ethenyl]-N,N,N',N'-tetraphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 864957-78-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Benzothiazoleacetonitrile, a,a'-[[7,7'] bis(diphenylamino)-9,9'-spirobi[9B-fluorene]-2,2'diyl[dimethylidyne]bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 864957-79-9 HCAPLUS

CN Propanedinitrile, 2,2'-[[7,7'-bis(diphenylamino)-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-diyl]dimethylidyne]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 25-26 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)

Section cross-reference(s): 22, 29, 75 IT 724789-05-55 862664-73-1P 864957-77-1F 8688-7,78-80 864957-79-86

(preparation of bromospirobifluorene and bisdonor bisacceptor fluorescent derivs.)

REFERENCE COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 8 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:239950 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:459708

Red-emitting fluorenes as efficient emitting hosts for non-doped, organic red-light-emitting diodes

AUTHOR(S): Chiang, Chih-Long; Wu, Min-Fei; Dai, De-Chang; Wen, Yuh-Sheng; Wang, Juen-Kai; Chen, Chin-Ti CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Chemistry, Academia Sinica, Taipei,

11529, Taiwan

SOURCE: Advanced Functional Materials (2005), 15(2), 231-238

CODEN: AFMDC6: ISSN: 1616-301X PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE .

LANGUAGE: English CASREACT 143:459708

Entered STN: 18 Mar 2005

Bare red-fluorescent fluorene derivs, were designed and synthesized. The long-wavelength red fluorescence is achieved by incorporating a di(4-tolyl)amino or diphenylamino electron donor and a dicyanovinyl electron acceptor. The single-crystal x-ray structures of the di(4-tolyl)amino (pTSPDCV) and diphenylamino (PhSPDCV) compds. indicate only weak non-w van der Waals contacts in addition to long-distance dipole-dipole interactions of the red-emitting fluorene mols. in the solid state. The aggregation of the dipolar fluorene is largely suppressed by introducing bulky 9,9-substituents (spiro-fused bifluorene) as well as a nonplanar di(4-tolyl)amino or diphenylamino group. In the solid state, these fluorene derivs, all show red fluorescence that is much brighter than with the red dopants Nile Red and DCM (4-(dicyanomethylene)-2-methyl-6-[4-(dimethylaminostyryl)-4H- pyran]). The unique photophys, properties of red-emitting fluorene derivs, differ from other known red dopants and facilitate the fabrication of nondoped red organic light-emitting diodes (OLEDs). Authentic red (CIE, x = 0.65, yr = 0.35) electroluminescence with a brightness of >12000 cd m-2 (greater than 600 cd m-2 at 20 mA cm-2) and a remarkable external quantum efficiency \$3.6% were observed for the red-emitting OLEDs with pTSPDCV or PhSPDCV as the

sole emitting host.

(crystallog, and red fluorescence; red-emitting fluorenes as efficient emitting hosts for non-doped, organic red-light-emitting diodes)

869299-85-4 HCAPLUS

Propagedinitrile, [[7-[bis(4-methylphenyl)amino]-9,9'-spirobi[9Hfluoren | -2-vl|methylene| - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

869299-86-5 HCAPLUS

Propanedinitrile, [[7-(diphenylamino)-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2vllmethvlenel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

22-9 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 41, 73, 75, 76

(crystallog, and red fluorescence; red-emitting fluorenes as efficient emitting hosts for non-doped, organic red-light-emitting

diodes)

REFERENCE COUNT: 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFERENCE.

L7 ANSWER 9 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:114653 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:36070

TITLE: Red fluorenes as the efficient host emitter for non-doped red organic light-emitting diodes AUTHOR(S): Chiang, Chih-Dong, Wu, Min-Fei; Shu, Ching-Fong;

UTHOR(S): Chiang, Chih-Long; Chen, Chin-Ti

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of the Applied Chemistry, National Chiao Tung Univ., Hsinchu, 30035, Taiwan

SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering (2005), 5632(Light-Emitting Diode Materials and Devices), 80-87

CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X

PUBLISHER: SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:36070

ED Entered STN: 10 Feb 2005

GI

- AB Crystal red fluorophores based on donor-acceptor substituted spirofluorene, i.e., I show strong fluorescence in solution $(\Phi^{\epsilon}, \operatorname{appr.} 70^{\circ})$ as well as in solid state $(\Phi^{\epsilon} > 30^{\circ})$. Nordoped red OLEDs fabricated with I exhibit suthentic red (CIE, x = 0.65, yr = 0.35) electroluminescence with brightness over 12,000 cd ==2 (or > 600 cd ==2 at 20 mA cm=2) and remarkable seteral quantum efficiency as high as 3.6%. On the other hand, the bis-substituted deriva, of spirofluorene II show relatively weak fluorescence both in solution $(\Phi^{\epsilon} < 20^{\circ})$ and in solidate $(\Phi^{\epsilon} < 10^{\circ})$. Although saturated red electroluminescence (CIE, x = 0.65, yr = 0.34) is also observed, non-doped red OLED containing II performs much worse than I OLEDs. Both PhSPDCV and BisPhSPDCV are not amorphous forming loosely packed crystal materials in solid state with no intimate π
- TT 0030011.10.00 000100.00.80

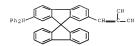
(preparation of red fluorenes as efficient host emitter for non-doped red organic light-emitting diodes)

N 864957-79-9 HCAPLUS

CN Propanedinitrile, 2,2'-[[7,7'-bis(diphenylamino)-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-diyl]dimethylidyne]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

869299-86-5 HCAPLUS

Propanedinitrile, [[7-(diphenylamino)-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2vllmethylenel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



22-9 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 73, 75

(preparation of red fluorenes as efficient host emitter for non-doped red organic light-emitting diodes)

12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 10 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:19103 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Novel two-photon absorbing conjugated oligomeric

chromophores: Property modulation by π -center Kim, O.-K.; Huang, Z.; Peterman, E.; Kirkpatrick, AUTHOR(S):

S.; Sung, C. S. P. CORPORATE SOURCE:

Chemistry Division, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, DC, 20375, USA

SOURCE: ACS Symposium Series (2005), 888(Chromogenic

Phenomena in Polymers), 161-172 CODEN: ACSMC8; ISSN: 0097-6156

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 10 Jan 2005 ăB.

A series of donor/donor (D/D), donor/acceptor (D/A) and acceptor/acceptor (A/A) pair conjugated chromophores based on a rigid conjugated linker (π -center) were synthesized (D- π -D, D- π -A and A- π -A) and two-photon absorption properties with a particular emphasis on the role of π -centers were studied. Optical and electrochem, properties of the chromophores were also investigated and correlated to two-photon absorption properties.

(two-photon absorption properties of conjugated oligomeric

chromophores) 436798-89-9 HCAPLUS RN

Benzenamine, 4,4'-(9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,7-diyldi-2,1ethenedivl)bis[N.N-diphenvl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- 436798-90-2 HCAPLUS
- Benzenamine, 4-[2-[7-[2-[4-[5-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-1,3,4oxadiazol-2-yl]phenyl]ethenyl]-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-yl]ethenyl]-N.N-diphenvl- (CA INDEX NAME)

- 22-9 (Physical Organic Chemistry)
- Section cross-reference(s): 73 261163-34-2 261163-35-3 261163-36-4 261163-37-5 279675-93-3 436798-87-7
 - 436798-91-3 436798-92-4 (two-photon absorption properties of conjugated oligomeric

chromophores)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 11 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:957380 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:396986

Organic colorants with metallic gloss and

film-forming materials containing them with excellent dispersion stability

INVENTOR(S): Ogura, Katsuyuki; Kurata, Ryuichiro; Kano,

Fumihisa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chiba University, Japan; Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd. Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho. 23 pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004315545	A	20041111	JP 2003-55065	20030303
RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-52095 A	20030228

- Entered STN: 11 Nov 2004 AB
 - The colorants, useful for writing and printing inks and coatings, are depicted as A[NRXC(CN):C(CN)2]n [A - (un)substituted aromatic, heterocyclic, condensed, or spirocyclic ring residue, (un) substituted biphenyl, fluorene, or triphenylamine-based dendrimer residue; X = (un) substituted aromatic or heterocyclic ring residue; R = (un) substituted aromatic group, heterocyclic group, alkyl, alkenyl, or cycloalkyl; n ≥2]. Thus, an ink containing N,N'-bis(4tricyanoethenylphenyl)-N,N'-diphenylbenzidine (prepared from N,N,N',N'-tetraphenylbenzidine and tetracyanoethylenel, a rosin-modified phenolic resin, and a petroleum-type solvent showed good gloss and adhesion to paper and metal.
- IT 19036-21-42, 2-(Diphenylamino)-2',7,7'-tris[N-phenyl-[4-(tricyanoethenyl)phenyl]amino]-9,9'-spirofluorene 790x50-32-50

, 2,2',7,7'-Tetrakis[N-phenyl-[4-(tricyanoethenyl)phenyl]amino]-9,9'-spirofluorene

(colorant; organic colorants with metallic gloss for inks and coatings with good storage stability)

RN 790256-31-4 HCAPLUS

CN Ethenetricarbonitrile, 2,2',2''-[[7'-(diphenylamino)-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2',7-triyl]tris[(phenylimino)-4,1-phenylene]]tris- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 790256-32-5 HCAPLUS

CN Ethenetricarbonitrile, 2,2',2'',2'''-[(9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2',7,7'-tetrayl]tetrakis[(phenylimino)-4,1-phenylene]]tetrakis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C09B023-00

ICS C08L005-00; C08L101-00; C09D007-12; C09D201-00

CC 42-12 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

Section cross-reference(s): 25, 41

IT 790256-24-5P, N,N'-Bis(4-tricyanoethenyl)henyl)-N,N'-diphenylbenzidine 790256-25-6P, 2,7-Bis(N-phenyl-N-(p-(tricyanoethenyl)phenyl]mino]fluo rene 790256-27-8P, 9-(Dicyanomethylene)-2,7-bis(N-phenyl-N-(4-tricyanophenyl)]amino]fluorene 790256-27-8P, 1,3-Bis[(4-

(tricyanoethenyi)phenyl|phenylamino]-5-(diphenylamino)benzene
790256-29-0P, 1,3,5-Tria[[4-(tricyanoethenyl)phenyl]phenylamino]benzene
790256-30-3P, Tria[4-(N-[4-(tricyanoethenyl)phenyl]phenylamino])phenylamino]-7, 7,7-tria

phenyl-[4-(tricyanoethenyl)phenyl]amino]-9,9'-spirofluorene

(rricyanoethenyl)phenyllaminol-9,9'-spirofluorene 790256-34-7P, (2,2-Bs:4-(N-phenyl-N-[p-(tricyanoethenyl)phenyl)phenyl)phenylpropane 790256-35-8P, 1,3-Bs:6's (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenyl)phenyl)phenylpropane 790256-35-8P, 1,3-Bs:6's (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenyl)phenylpropane)phenylpropane 790256-34-PP, (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenyl)phenylpropane 790256-34-PP, (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenyl)phenylpropane 790256-34-PP, (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenyl)phenylpropane 790256-34-PP, (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenyl)phenylpropane 790256-34-PP, (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenyl)phenylpropane 790256-35-PP, (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenyl)phenylpropane 790256-35-PP, (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenylpropane)phenylpropane 790256-34-PP, (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenylpropane)phenylpropane 790256-35-PP, (N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenylp

methylanilino)benzene 790256-36-9P, 1,3,5-Tris[N-methyl-p-(tricyanoethenyl)anilino|benzene (colorant; organic colorants with metallic gloss for inks and coatings

17 ANSWER 12 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:873948 HCAPLUS Full-text

with good storage stability)

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Optically functional material, sensitizing pigment for photoelectric conversion, photoelectric

conversion material, photoelectric conversion electrode, and photoelectrochemical cell.

INVENTOR(S): Yagi, Tamao; Ando, Munenori; Kurata, Ryuichiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:: JP 2003-90144 20030328

ED Entered STN: 21 Oct 2004

GT



- AB The functional material contains a substructure I (A and B = 5-20 member aromatic ring or heterogrape D = ERRZEH; E = R3, NRI, NRINZE, BRI, D-RRIZO, OF SIRIEZ R1 and R2 = H or monovalent organic residue; R1 and R2 will not be H at same time; and R3 = divalent organic residue; R1 and R2 will not be H at same time; and R3 = divalent organic residue and an acidic substituent, its salt, or an ester derivative The pigment contains the above material. The photocolec. conversion material is obtained by linking the above pigment to an inorg, semiconductor porous material. The claimed electrode is obtained by laminating the photoclec. conversion material on a transparent electrode. The claimed cell has the above electrode, an electrolyte layer, and a conductive counter electrode.
- (compns. of optically functional material as sensitizing pigments for solar cell electrodes)
- RN 779357-66-3 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Propencic acid, 3,3'-(7,7'-bis[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]-9,9'spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[2-cyano-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C09B023-00

ICS C09B005-62; C09B045-10; C09B047-00; C09B047-12; C09B048-00; C09B053-00; C09B055-00; C09B056-16; C09B057-00; C09B057-08;

C09B057-10; H01L031-04; H01M014-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) IT 779357-62-9 779357-63-0 779357-64-1 779357-65-2

(compns. of optically functional material as sensitizing pigments for solar cell electrodes)

L7 ANSWER 13 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:587037 HCAPLUS <u>Pull-text</u> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:331068

TITLE: Electroluminescent compositions, and their organic

electroluminescent devices emitting light from

green to yellow

INVENTOR(S): Onikubo, Shunichi; Yauchi, Hiroyuki; Yagi, Tamao; Kaneko, Tetsuya; Tanaka, Hiroaki; Takada, Yasuyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 67 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004206893	A	20040722	JP 2002-371262	20021224
JP 3969300	B2	20070905		
RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-371262	20021224

ED Entered STN: 22 Jul 2004

AB The compns. contain (A) compds, having peaks at 475-600 nm in fluorescent spectra of their solid films and (B) compds. showing the sum of areas (intensities) 220% at 2500 nm maked on total areas (intensities) at 400-800 nm in fluorescent spectrum of solid films comprising A and 5% B. Organic electroluminescent devices having entiter layers containing the compns. containing 1:0.1 perylene derivative and diketopyrrolopyrrole derivative showed high luminescence intensity and qod durability in repeated use.

II 724789-C5-1

(host; electroluminescent compns. for organic electroluminescent devices showing high luminescence intensity and durability in repeated use)

RN 724789-65-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-diamine, 7,7'-bis(2,2-diphenylethenyl)-

N.N.N.N.-tetraphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM H05B033-14 ICS C09K011-06

ICS C09K011-06

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

2085-33-8 23467-27-8 96158-94-0 96159-17-0 107680-84-2 123847-85-8 175395-59-2 107680-85-3 188049-37-8 194214-31-8 205104-13-8 227009-35-0 227009-36-1 384343-80-0 474067-56-6 477719-72-5 536761-33-8 536761-36-1 536761-38-3 536761-39-4 724788-95-8 724788-97-0 724788-98-1 724789-00-8 724789-60-0 724789-62-2 734789-65-5

(host; electroluminescent compns. for organic electroluminescent devices showing high luminescence intensity and durability in repeated use)

1.7 ANSWER 14 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:317922 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:347368

ITLE: High electron-mobility and high

ON/OFF-current-ratio organic thin-film transistors

INVENTOR(S): Higashiguchi, Itaru; Oda, Atsushi; Ishikawa,

Hitoshi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NEC Corp., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 77 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
JP 2003124472	A	20030425	JP 2001-320342	20011018		
JP 3823312	B2	20060920				
US 6747287	B1	20040608	US 2002-272962	20021017		
CN 1412864	A	20030423	CN 2002-147242	20021018		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-320342 A	20011018		

Entered STN: 25 Apr 2003

The title organic TFTs contain X[NArlAr2]n {Ar1, Ar2 - C6-20 (substd.) aromatic hydrocarbon or AΒ aromatic heterocyclic group, wherein Ar1 and Ar2 may bonded together to form a ring each other; X = 1-4 valent (substd.) C6-34 condensed aromatic hydrocarbon group compound). The organic compds. give TFTs high electron mobility and high ON/OFF-current-ratio.

(high electron-mobility and high ON/OFF-current-ratio organic aromatic-heterocyclic compound thin-film transistors)

RN 515833-27-9 HCAPLUS

9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-amine, N-[4-(2,2-diphenylethenyl)phenyl]-Nphenv1- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

515833-57-5 HCAPLUS DAT

9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-amine, N-[4-[2,2-bis[4-(cyclohexylidenemethyl)phenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]-N-[4-(cyclohexylidenemethyl)phenyl] - (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

10/540,461

PAGE 2-A

- CN INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

- RN CN
- 515834-38-5 HCAPLUS
 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2'-diamine, N,N'-bis[4-[2,2-bis[4-(cyclohexylidenemethyl]phenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]-N,N'-bis(4-methylphenyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX BAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

- RN 515834-47-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 9,9'-spirobt[9H=fluorene]-2,2',7-triamine, N,N',N''-tris[4-[2,2-bis(4-methylphenyl) ethenyl]phenyl]-N,N',N''-tris(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

RN 515834-63-6 BCAPLUS

(N 9,9'-Spirobl[9H-fluorene]-2,2',7-triamine, N,N',N''-tris[4-[2,2-bis[4-(cyclohexylidenemethyl)phenyl]-thenyl]phenyl]-N,N',N''-tris[4-methylphenyl]- [30] (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-B

- 515834-73-8 HCAPLUS
 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2',7,7'-tetramine, N,N',N'',N'''-tetrakis[4-[2,2-bis(4-methylphenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]-N,N',N'',N''-tetrakis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

515834-84-1 HCAPLUS
9,9'-Spirobi[9H-Gluorene]-2,2',7,7'-tetramine, N,N',N'',N'''tetrakis[4-[2,2-bis[4-(cyclohexylidenemethyl]phenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]N,N',N'',N''-tetraphenyl-(9CI) (OA INDEX NAME) RN CN

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

ICS H01L029-80; H01L051-00 76-3 (Electric Phenomena) Section cross-reference(s): 25, 27, 28 148077-52-5 177799-16-5 227010-23-3 243847-56-5 252646-51-8 259220-14-9 278174-16-6 345658-49-3 345658-55-1 384343-74-2 384343-78-6 394656-41-8 426218-15-7 426218-23-7 426218-25-9 426218-28-2 426218-35-1 515832-99-2 515833-00-8 515833-02-0 515833-03-1 515833-04-2 515833-01-9 515833-06-4 515833-14-4 515833-15-5 515833-16-6 515833-20-2 515833-25-7 515833-26-8 515837-27-9 515833-28-0 515833-29-1 515833-32-6 515833-34-8 515833-36-0 515833-38-2 515833-39-3 515833-40-6 515833-41-7 515833-42-8 515833-43-9 515833-45-1 515833-44-0 515833-46-2 515833-47-3 515833-48-4 515833-52-0 515833-49-5 515833-54-2 515833-56-4 515833-67-5 515833-58-6 515833-62-2 515833-63-3 515833-64-4 515833-66-6 515833-67-7 515833-68-8 515833-72-4 515833-73-5 515833-74-6 515833-75-7 515833-76-8 515833-77-9 515833-78-0 515833-79-1 515833-80-4 515833-81-5 515833-82-6 515833-84-R 515833-86-0 515833-85-9 515833-87-1 515833-88-2 515833-90-6 515833-91-7 515833-92-8 515833-93-9 515833-94-0 515833-95-1 515833-96-2 515833-98-4 515833-99-5 515834-03-4 515834-04-5 515834-05-6 515834-06-7 515834-08-9 515834-09-0 515834-10-3 515834-11-4 515834-12-5 515834-15-8 515834-13-6 515834-14-7 515834-16-9

ICM H01L029-786

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515834-40-9
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515834-79-4
             515834-81-8 515834-82-9 515834-83-0
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(high electron-mobility and high ON/OFF-current-ratio organic aromatic-heterocyclic compound thin-film transistors)

L7 ANSWER 15 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:299391 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:330028

TITLE: Organic thin film transistor

INVENTOR(S): Higashiguchi, Itaru; Oda, Atsushi; Ishikawa,

Hitoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): NEC Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	JP 2003115624	A	20030418	JP 2001-310210	20011005
	JP 3856202	B2	20061213		
	US 2003111692	A1	20030619	US 2002-263665	20021004
	US 6784452	B2	20040831		
	CN 1433095	A	20030730	CN 2002-151811	20021008
RIC	DRITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-310210 A	20011005

ED Entered STN: 18 Apr 2003

GI



- AB An organic thin film transistor having a high response speed comprises first and second electrode sandwiching an organic layer, whose carrier transport direction is same as its thickness direction, from I, where Al 36 = 8, halogen, OB, (un) substituted amino group, nitro group, oyano group, (un) substituted alkeyl, (un) substituted alkeyl, (un) substituted available and alkoy, (un) substituted areastle hydrocarbon, (un) substituted aromatic heterocyclic, (un) substituted arakyl, (un) substituted armatic heterocyclic, (un) substituted arakyl, (un) substituted a
- IT 519775-22-1 (organic films of thin film transistor)
- RN 510775-22-1 HCAPLUS
- CN Benzenamine, 4,4',4'',4'''-(9,9'-apirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,2',7,7'-tetrayl]tetrakis[N-(4-methylphenyl)-N-[4-(2-phenylethenyl]phenyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

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_CH_CH_Ph
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CH_CH_Ph

LANGUAGE:

ICM H01L051-00 ICS H01L029-786; H01L029-80 76-3 (Electric Phenomena)

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120-12-7, Anthracene, uses 135-48-8, Pentacene 188-72-7,
    Tribenzo(de,kl,rst)pentaphene 198-55-0, Perylene 2085-33-8,
     Aluminum tris(8-hydroxyquinolinato) 7641-40-9 24601-13-6
    510775-14-1
                               510775-16-3 510775-17-4 510775-18-5
                               510775-21-0 510775-20-1
     510775-19-6
     510775-23-2 510775-24-3 510775-25-4
       (organic films of thin film transistor)
17 ANSWER 16 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2002:893998 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                        138:328538
                        Oligothiophene as photonic/electronic property
                        modulator
AUTHOR(S):
                        Kim, O.-K.; Lee, K.-S.; Huang, Z.; Heuer, W. B.;
                        Paik-Sung, C. S.
Chemistry Division, Naval Research Laboratory,
Washington, DC, 20375-5342, USA
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
                        Optical Materials (Amsterdam, Netherlands) (2003),
                        21(1-3), 559-564
                        CODEN: OMATET; ISSN: 0925-3467
DUBLISHER .
                       Elsevier Science B.V.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Journal.
```

English

- ED Entered STN: 25 Nov 2002
- AB Several different series of conjugated oligomers bearing various x-centers such as dithienchiophene (DTT), fluorene and terthiophene moletles, attaching electron donor and/or electron acceptor units through conjugation were synthesized and assessed for their nonlinear optical, 2-photon absorption and redox properties. Discussion is made on the property modulation role of the x-centers, particularly by DTT oligothiophene, which displays a unique and efficient electronic mediation.
- IT 456798-69-9 456798-90-2
 (oligothiophene as photonic/electronic property modulator)
 - N 436798-89-9 HCAPLUS
- CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,7-diyldi-2,1ethenediyl)bis[N,N-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 436798-90-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4-[2-[7-[2-[4-[5-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl]phenyl]ethenyl]-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-yl]ethenyl]-N,N-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related

Properties)

IT 178450-12-9 178450-13-0 178450-14-1 261163-36-4 261163-37-5 279675-93-3 436798-87-7 436798-88-8 356798-89-9 436798-90-2 436798-90-2 4513446-57-4

513416-58-5 513416-59-6

(oligothiophene as photonic/electronic property modulator)
REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 17 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:229705 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:33030

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:33030
TITLE: Novel two-photon absorbing conjugated oligomers

and polymers: Property modulation by π-center AUTHOR(S): Huang, Zehnnian; Heuer, William B.; Sung, Chong S.

AUTHOR(S): Huang, Zennnian; Heuer, William B.; Sung, Chong S.

P.; Kim, Oh-Kil

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Div., Naval Research Laboratory, Washington,

DC, 20375-5342, USA

SOURCE: Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry) (2002), 43(1),

147-148 CODEN: ACPPAY; ISSN: 0032-3934

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; (computer optical disk)

LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 27 Mar 2002

- AΒ Conjugated oligomeric and polymeric chromophores were synthesized by Wittig reactions of PPh3CH2terminated donor (D) and/or acceptor (A) moieties with a bifunctional π -center, CHO- π -CHO. Twophoton absorption (TPA) was observed in the conjugated mols. bearing D and A pairs. The role of the m-conjugated linker (m-center) of the chromophores (D-p -D, D-p -A and A-p -A) on TPA activity was studied. These compds. are highly fluorescent, particularly with D/D pair chromophores relative to D/A pair as indicated by the fluorescence quantum yield, due to competing charge transfer pathways for decay of the singlet excited state. The redox potential of $\pi 2-$ and $\pi 3$ containing chromophores is very similar when compared with the same D/D or A/A pairs. The oxidation potential is relatively lower for the D/D pair systems while the reduction potential is lower for the A/A pair system. The oligomeric TPA chromophores based on dithienothiophene (DIT) as π -center and different D and/or A moieties displayed exceptionally large TPA cross-sections, especially for D/D pair compared to D/A counterpart. This situation was reversed when the π center was replaced with 9.9-spirobifluorene; a large enhancement of the cross-section was observed for the A/A pair relative to D/D. This result contrasts with that of 9,9diethylhexylfluorene-based polymer, suggesting that mol. TPA is determined by the π -center and, even more significantly, by electronic interactions between the π -center and individual D and/or A pairs.
- IT 436798-69-9E 436798-90-2P

(preparation and redox potential and charge transfer in two-photon absorbing conjugated oligomers having donor and acceptor moieties linked through thiophene or fluorene #-centers)

- RN 436798-89-9 HCAPLUS
- CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,7-diyldi-2,1ethenediyl)bis[N.N-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 436798-90-2 HCAPLUS
- CN Benzenamine, 4-[2-[7-[2-[4-[5-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-1,3,4-oxadlazol-2-yl]phenyl]ethenyl]-9,9'-spirobi[9H-fluoren]-2-yl]ethenyl]-N,N-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

- CC 22-9 (Physical Organic Chemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 36, 73, 74
- IT 261163-34-2P 261163-35-3P 261163-36-4P 261163-37-5P 279675-93-3P 436798-87-7P 436798-88-8P 476798-89-9P
 - 436798-90-2F 436798-91-3P 436798-92-4P

(preparation and redox potential and charge transfer in two-photon absorbing conjugated oligomers having donor and acceptor moieties linked through thiophene or fluorene π-centers)

REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFERENCE THE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 18 OF 18 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999.638518 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:250226

TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device comprising spiro

compound with fluorene-skeleton INVENTOR(S):

Tokito, Seishi; Taka, Yasunori; Sawaki, Yasuhiko;

Kimura, Makoto; Inoue, Shinichiro Toyota Central Research and Development

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Laboratories, Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

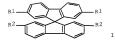
Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11273863	A	19991008	JP 1998-77456	19980325
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-77456	19980325

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:250226

Entered STN: 08 Oct 1999 ED



- AB The invention relates to an organic electroluminescent device, wherein ≥1 organic layers comprise an asym. spiro compound having a fluorene-skeleton, represented by I [R1,2 = dissimilar groups selected from H. alkyl, Ph. diarylamino, etc.], for improving the heat resistant properties of the device.

forganic electroluminescent device comprising spiro compound with fluorene-skeleton)

- 244301-15-3 HCAPLUS RN
- 9,9'-Spirobi[9H-fluorene]-2,7-diamine, N,N,N',N'-tetraphenyl-2',7'
 - bis[4-(2-phenylethenyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- ICM H05B033-14
- ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-22
- 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)
- 244301-16-4 244301-17-5 244301-18-6
- 244301-19-7

(organic electroluminescent device comprising spiro compound with fluorene-skeleton)

=> d his nofile (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:11:00 ON 11 DEC 2007) FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:11:08 ON 11 DEC 2007 1 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON US20060063027/PN SEL RN FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:11:26 ON 11 DEC 2007 32 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (1047-16-1/BI OR 120-12-7/BI OR 129-00-0/BI OR 135-48-8/BI OR 13978-85-3/BI OR 142289-08-5/ BI OR 14642-34-3/BI OR 189363-47-1/BI OR 198-55-0/BI OR 200052-70-6/BI OR 2085-33-8/BI OR 212117-54-9/BI OR 214078-86-1/BI OR 296269-66-4/BI OR 51325-91-8/BI OR 517-51-1/BI OR 58328-31-7/BI OR 643007-04-9/BI OR 723285-19 -6/BI OR 723285-20-9/BI OR 723285-21-0/BI OR 723285-22-1/BI OR 723285-23-2/BI OR 723285-24-3/BI OR 723285-25-4/BI OR 73299-03-3/BI OR 7440-06-4/BI OR 7440-53-1/BI OR 81-88-9/BI OR 91-64-5/BI OR 92-24-0/BI OR 94928-86-6/BI) 1 SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L4 35 SEA SSS FUL L3 AND L4 SAV L6 NEL461/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:17:51 ON 11 DEC 2007 L7 18 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON